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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/731,163	12/06/2000	Dan Candura	40655.0200	9154	
7	590 11/22/2004	EXAMINER			
SNELL & WILMER			ROBINSON BOYCE, AKIBA K		
ONE ARIZON 400 EAST VA		. ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
PHOENIX, AZ 85004-2202			3623		
			DATE MAILED: 11/22/200	4	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Applicatio	n No.	Applicant(s)				
		09/731,16	3	CANDURA ET AL.		5		
Office Action Summary		Examiner		Art Unit				
			binson-Boyce	3623				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication or Reply	n appears on the	cover sheet with the c	orrespondence ad	dress			
THE   - External after   - If the   - If NC   - Failu   Any (	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REMAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIOnsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CF SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication a period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a period for reply specified above, the maximum statutory per to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by streply received by the Office later than three months after the red patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ON. FR 1.136(a). In no eve n. a reply within the statu eriod will apply and wil statute, cause the appli	nt, however, may a reply be tim tory minimum of thirty (30) days l expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cation to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely the mailing date of this co				
Status								
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>0</u>	03 September 2	<u>004</u> .					
2a)⊠	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This action is non-final.							
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	ion of Claims							
4)  Claim(s) 1-14 and 18 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.  5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6)  Claim(s) 1-14 and 18 is/are rejected.  7)  Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.								
Applicati	on Papers							
9)[	The specification is objected to by the Exar	miner.				•		
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.								
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
11)[	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the co The oath or declaration is objected to by the	•	• • • •		• • •	) <b>.</b>		
·	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>								
Attachmen			4) 🗖 Into-dow 0	(DTO 442)				
2) Notic 3) Inform	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948 nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SE r No(s)/Mail Date		4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:	te	-152)			

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Status of Claims

1. This communication is in response to communications filed 9/3/04. This is a final office action. Claims 1, 7, 8, 11, 12, 13 and 14 have been amended. Claims 15-17 have been cancelled. Claim 18 has been added. Claims 1-14 and 18 are pending in this application and have been examined on the merits. Claims 1-14 and 18 are rejected as follows.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

2. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

3. Claims 1-14 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to a non-statutory subject matter.

The basis of this rejection is set forth in a two-prong test of:

- (1) whether the invention is within the technological arts; and
- (2) whether the invention produces a useful, concrete, and tangible result.

For a claimed invention to be statutory, the claimed invention must be within the technological arts. Mere ideas in the abstract (i.e., abstract idea, law of nature, natural phenomena) that do not apply, involve, use, or advance the technological arts fail to promote the "progress of science and the useful art" (i.e., the physical sciences as opposed to social sciences, for example) and therefore are found to be non-statutory

subject matter. For a process claim, the recited process must somehow apply, involve, use, or advance the technological arts.

In the present case, claim 1 is directed to a method for evaluating the performance of a financial advisor. Claim 1 recites the steps of "reading a case prepared by the financial advisor, wherein said case provides recommendations", "assigning a numerical value for said case in each of said plurality of areas based on said rating", "compiling at least one result using said numerical values", and "providing said at least one result to the financial advisor". These steps represent mere ideas in the abstract since no computer means or software embodied on a tangible medium exist for processing the steps of the claim. Since no computer means or software embodied on a tangible medium exist for processing the steps of the claim, claim 1, and all claims that depend from it, (claims 2-12) are therefore found to be non-statutory.

In the present case, claim 13 is directed to a method for evaluating the performance of a financial advisor. Claim 13 recites the steps of "selecting a case prepared by the financial advisor, wherein said case provides recommendations", "selecting a first assessor and a second assessor", "said first assessor rating said case in a plurality of areas by comparing said case to a predetermined standard", "assigning a first numerical value for said case in each of said plurality of areas based on said rating by said first assessor", "said second assessor assigning a second numerical value for said case in each of said plurality of areas based on said rating by said second assessor", "comparing said first numerical value to said second numerical value in one of said plurality of areas", "compiling at least one result using at least one of said first

numerical value and said second numerical value", and "providing said at least one result to the financial advisor". These steps represent mere ideas in the abstract since no computer means or software embodied on a tangible medium exist for processing the steps of the claim. Since no computer means or software embodied on a tangible medium exist for processing the steps of the claim, claim 13, and all claims that depend from it, (claim 14) is therefore found to be non-statutory.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 1-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Havens (US 5,909,669) as cited by applicant, and further in view of Tom (US 5,696,907), as cited by applicant.

As per claim 1, Havens discloses:

rating said case in a plurality of areas by comparing said case to a predetermined standard, (Col. 3, lines 41-45, [qualitatively assessing information criteria],w/ Col. 1, lines 14-19, [assessing by comparing to a benchmark value]); and

assigning a numerical value for said case in each of said plurality of areas based on said rating, (col. 3, lines 46-49, [assigning a numeric value]).

compiling at least one result using said numerical values, (col. 3,lines 49-53, the qualitative content of the assessments);

providing said at least one result to the financial advisor, (col. 3, lines 52-57, generating a qualitative assessment to the individual performing the assessment).

Havens fails to disclose the evaluation of the performance of a financial advisor, but does disclose the assessment and evaluation of a knowledge worker in Col. 2, lines 32-34.

However, Tom discloses a financial advisor in col. 2, lines 21-22 and lines 53-55, where the credit manager represents the financial advisor and since the credit manager is shown to evaluate financial service applications for approval, and the financial service applications is further evaluated by the system. Tom discloses this limitation in an analogous art for the purpose of showing that credit managers are involved in the processing of financial applications.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the applicant's invention to evaluate the performance of a financial advisor with the motivation of analyzing and determining assessment values for workers in the financial industry.

As per claim 2, Havens discloses:

repeating said reading, rating, and assigning steps for a plurality of cases for the financial advisor being evaluated, (col. 2, lines 33-35, [shows a plurality of information criteria which represents a plurality of cases, Col. 4, lines 41-57, [conducting one or more surveys]).

As per claim 3, Havens discloses:

wherein said repeating step is performed by a different person than said reading, comparing, and rating steps, (Col. 1, lines 23-27, [shows that managers/consultants perform the assessment process, Col. 3, lines 41-49, [shows that workers perform the reading, comparing and rating steps by qualitatively assessing information criterion]).

Page 6

As per claim 4, Havens discloses:

wherein said financial advisor is a member of a larger group of financial advisors, each group comprising a plurality of financial advisors, further comprising:

compiling data regarding the ratings of the group, (Col. 4, lines 30-40, [surveyed as a whole]).

As per claim 5, Havens discloses:

The method of claim wherein a higher numerical value indicates increased compliance with said predetermined standard, (Col. 3, line 62-col. 4, line 6, [where a rating of "10" means information must consistently be adequate for assigned tasks and a "1" means that they need not ever be relevant.

As per claims 6, Havens fails to disclose Financial Planning/Financial Position,
Protection Planning; Disability; Life Insurance; Long-Term Care; Investment Planning;
Tax Planning; Retirement Planning; Estate Planning; Communication; Overall rating,
but does disclose a rating procedure for a knowledge worker through assessment in the
abstract, lines 1-4.

However, Tom discloses:

Wherein said plurality of areas comprises:

Page 7

Art Unit: 3623

Financial Planning/Financial Position, (col. 2, lines 53-55, analyzing {by another entity} the credit manager's previously approved analysis of financial service applications).

Tom does not specifically disclose the following, however, the following is obvious with Tom since Tom does discloses Financial Planning through the credit analysis of financial service applications and the following are all part of financial planning: Protection Planning; Disability; Life Insurance; Long-Term Care; Investment Planning; Tax Planning; Retirement Planning; Estate Planning; Communication; Overall rating.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the applicant's invention to include Protection Planning; Disability; Life Insurance; Long-Term Care; Investment Planning; Tax Planning; Retirement Planning; Estate Planning; Communication; and Overall rating with the motivation of including various parts of the financial planning process into deriving an appropriate financial plan.

As per claims 7, Havens fails to disclose wherein said plurality of areas comprises at least one of the following: Cash reserves; Budget/Expenses/Cash Flow/Debt Management; Overall financial Position rating; Disability Insurance...but does disclose a rating procedure for a knowledge worker through assessment in the abstract, lines 1-4.

However, Tom discloses:

Overall Financial Position...(col. 2, lines 53-55, analyzing {by another entity} the credit manager's previously approved analysis of financial service applications where

financial service includes all of the above limitations, also Col. 4, lines 34-39, credit history, debts and income). Tom discloses this limitation in an analogous art for the purpose of showing that financial service applications can be used in the assessment process.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the applicant's invention to include the Overall Financial Position with the motivation of evaluating the performance of financial data.

As per claim 8, Havens discloses:

wherein said reading, rating, and assigning steps are completed by a plurality of assessors, (col. 2, lines 35-40, shows that all references to a worker include knowledge workers, w/ col. 3, lines 42-57, shows workers (individual performing the assessment) assess the productivity of other workers).

As per claim 9, Havens fails to disclose wherein said reading, rating, and assigning steps are completed by a plurality of financial advisors, but does disclose a rating procedure for a knowledge worker through assessment in the abstract, lines 1-4.

However, Tom discloses:

wherein said reading, rating, and assigning steps are completed by a plurality of financial advisors, (col.2,lines 21-22, w/ lines 47-55, [credit managers who evaluate financial service applications]). Tom discloses this limitation to show that the credit managers are the ones that actually do the evaluating {of the financial applications}).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the applicant's invention for the reading, rating and assigning steps to be completed by a

Page 9

plurality of financial advisors with the motivation of showing that the evaluation is done by a network of advisors.

As per claim 10, Havens discloses:

wherein said reading, rating, and assigning steps are completed for each case in a subset of all cases produced by the financial advisor during a predetermined time period, (Col. 1, lines 27-29, [accessing for a selected time period]).

As per claim 11, Havens discloses:

The method of claim wherein said numerical value comprises a numerical rating that is an integer selected from the group consisting of 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, and wherein: a numerical rating of 1 in a particular area indicates that the recommendation in that area is considered questionable; a numerical rating of 2 in a particular area indicates that the recommendation in that area is considered limited, a numerical rating of 3 in a particular area indicates that the recommendation in that area is reasonably informative with respect to any actions that are recommended; a numerical rating of 4 in a particular area indicates that the recommendation in that area details the reasons for the recommendation of a particular action and the manner in which an action should be performed; and a numerical rating of 5 in a particular area indicates that the recommendation in that area sufficiently provides an analysis of alternative courses of actions in addition to detailing the reasons for the recommendation of a particular action, (col. 3, lines 57-Col. 4, line 6, [where this scale represents the numerical rating since this scale represents ratings for the assessment of information criteria and definitions of what ratings stand for, only on a wider level]).

As per claim 12, Havens fails to disclose providing negative feedback to said financial advisor if said numerical rating in any of said plurality of areas is at least one of 1 and 2, but does disclose a rating procedure for a knowledge worker through assessment in the abstract, lines 1-4.

However, Tom discloses:

providing negative feedback to said financial advisor if said numerical rating in any of said plurality of areas is at least one of 1 and 2, (Col. 6, lines 54=-57, [negative influence representation before a contract is approved]). Tom discloses this limitation in an analogous art for the purpose of showing that before a contract is approved, some type of negative influence will be acknowledged.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the applicant's invention to provide negative feedback with the motivation of providing the evaluator with information about the status of the performance.

As per claim 13, Havens discloses:

selecting a case prepared by the financial advisor, wherein said case provides recommendations, (Col. 3, lines 42-46, [the generated survey]);

selecting a first assessor and a second assessor, (col. 2, lines 7-10, shows that assessments may be limited to selected knowledge workers or groups of knowledge workers, 45-53, also col. 4, lines 41-56, shows one or more assessment done at the same time. Havens does not specifically disclose the selection of a first and a second assessor, however this feature is inherent with the cited passage since a first and second assessor must be selected in order for one or more surveys (includes two

surveys) to be assessed at the same time and that groups of knowledge workers are selected);

said first assessor rating said case in a plurality of areas by comparing said case to a predetermined standard, (Col. 3, lines 41-45, [qualitatively assessing information criteria], w/ Col. 1, lines 14-19, [assessing by comparing to a benchmark value], again, Havens does not disclose the selection of a first assessor for a specific part of the assessment, however, this feature is inherent with Havens since it is shown that knowledge worker assessments may be scalable to include knowledge workers from similar knowledge worker environments as shown in col. 2, lines 10-13);

assigning a first numerical value for said case in each of said plurality of areas based on said rating by said first assessor, (Col. 11, lines 28-30, [one or more surveys generates rank segments]);

said second assessor assigning a second numerical value for said case in each of said plurality of areas based on said rating by said second assessor, (col. 13, lines 3-4, [segmenting ranks into segments], w/ Col. 13, lines 18-20, [calculating comparison values from segments], again, Havens does not disclose the selection of a second assessor for a specific part of the assessment, however, this feature is inherent with Havens since it is shown that knowledge worker assessments may be scalable to include knowledge workers from similar knowledge worker environments as shown in col. 2, lines 10-13), and

comparing said first numerical value to said second numerical value in one of

said plurality of areas, (Col. 13, lines 37-40, [comparing comparison values for one or more surveys]).

compiling at least one result using said numerical values, (col. 3,lines 49-53, the qualitative content of the assessments);

providing said at least one result to the financial advisor, (col. 3, lines 52-57, generating a qualitative assessment to the individual performing the assessment).

Havens fails to disclose the evaluation of the performance of a financial advisor, but does disclose the assessment and evaluation of a knowledge worker in Col. 2, lines 32-34.

However, Tom discloses a financial advisor in col. 2, lines 21-22 and lines 53-55, where the credit manager represents the financial advisor and since the credit manager is shown to evaluate financial service applications for approval, and the financial service applications is further evaluated by the system. Tom discloses this limitation in an analogous art for the purpose of showing that credit managers are involved in the processing of financial applications.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the applicant's invention to evaluate the performance of a financial advisor with the motivation of analyzing and determining assessment values for workers in the financial industry.

As per claim 14, Havens discloses:

Page 13

Art Unit: 3623

selecting an arbitrator, (Col. 15, lines 18-19, [inherent with retrieving survey data since an arbitrator is the one who needs to retrieve the selected survey data in order to make an assessment]);

said arbitrator rating said case in a plurality of areas by comparing said case to a predetermined standard, (Col. 15, lines 20-26, [generating comparison value]).

assigning a third numerical value for said case in each of said plurality of areas based on said rating by said arbitrator, (col. 4, line 65-Col. 5, line 1, [ordinal variables]).

Havens fails to disclose finalizing said rating based on said third numerical value, but does disclose the assessment and evaluation of a knowledge worker in Col. 2, lines 32-34.

However, Tom discloses finalizing said rating based on said third numerical value, (col. 5, lines 41-44, [final decision]). Tom discloses this limitation in an analogous art for the purpose of showing that a final decision with respect to the evaluation of a credit manager's assessment of a financial service application.

As per claim 18, As per claims 7, Havens fails to disclose wherein said plurality of areas comprises at least one of: Cash reserves; Cash Flow; Overall Financial Position rating; Overall rating of Disability Insurance section; Overall rating of Life Insurance section; Overall rating of Long-term Care section; Overall rating of Investment Planning section; Overall rating of Tax Planning section; Overall rating of Retirement Planning section; Overall rating of Estate Planning section; Linkage; Organization and presentation; and Overall rating of the work-product, but does disclose a rating procedure for a knowledge worker through assessment in the abstract, lines 1-4.

However, Tom discloses:

Overall Financial Position rating...(col. 2, lines 53-55, analyzing {by another entity} the credit manager's previously approved analysis of financial service applications where financial service includes all of the above limitations, also Col. 4, lines 34-39, credit history, debts and income). Tom discloses this limitation in an analogous art for the purpose of showing that financial service applications can be used in the assessment process.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the applicant's invention to include the Overall Financial Position with the motivation of evaluating the performance of financial data.

#### Conclusion

6. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

Application/Control Number: 09/731,163 Page 15

Art Unit: 3623

the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Akiba K Robinson-Boyce whose telephone number is 703-305-1340. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8:30am-5pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tariq Hafiz can be reached on 703-305-9643. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-746-7238 [After final communications, labeled "Box AF"], 703-746-7239 [Official Communications], and 703-746-7150 [Informal/Draft Communications, labeled "PROPOSED" or "DRAFT"].

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-305-3900.

November 16, 2004

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3600